

## /// Instantaneous railway relay with 2 C/O contacts

Rugged plug-in relays for extreme reliability, within long endurance applications and harsh environments

## DGG-U200N

Instantaneous relay Part of D-platform



### Description

The DGG-U200N is the improved version of the DGG-U200 2-pole instantaneous relay.

The dimensions, pinning and specifications are identical but it is much more reliable switching very low currents (1 mA @ 5 VDC). It is therefore the perfect relay to switch mixed loads.

It has a very large voltage range: 40% - 125% of the nominal voltage. The built-in magnetic arc blow-out ensures adequate DC breaking capacity resulting in long contact life and the now integrated contact separation prevents cross pollution of contacts better.

The operating temperature range is now -40 to +85 Celsius. The IP40 dust ingress protection offers adequate protection allowing the relay to "breath" ensuring long life whilst switching higher DC and inductive loads. The back EMF coil protection diode comes standard with the DGG-U200N series. The information on the relay cover is extended with serial no. and data matrix code for ease of traceability.

The mechanical design and construction of the DGG-U200N relay is so rugged that it is fit to last in salt laden atmospheres, low and high temperatures, very dry and very high humidity, shock and vibrations and high altitudes.

Several operators use this relay since the 1970's and without a single incident. Indeed proven reliable and designed to survive train life!

The ultra-compact design, light weight, many options and the wide choice of sockets makes this the most flexible solution and preferred choice of many customers.

#### **Features**

- · Ultra compact, light weight
- 2 C/O contacts, self-cleaning
- Large voltage range 40%-125% Unom
- · Integrated back EMF suppression diode
- Magnetic arc blow-out ensuring long contact life
- · Minimum switching current 1 mA
- Maximum continuous current 10 A
- · Proven reliable
- Wide temperature range -40 °C...+85 °C
- Mechanical life > 30 million operations
- Electrical life e.g. > 10 million operations at 0.5 A, 24 VDC
- · Data matrix with serial number for traceability
- · Integrated snaplock, no external retaining clip needed
- · Transparent cover for visual inspection
- · Many options and sockets available

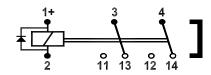
#### Application

Relays keep on playing a vital role in reliable train operation. A key function is galvanic isolation between control (computers / PLC's) and power circuits providing isolation between systems, contact multiplication and amplification.

Other unique features are predictable failure behavior (Fail Safe) making system safety validation a lot more simple than using computer based solutions like PLC's, long term availability = no obsolescence and easy maintenance by plug-in feature and transparent cover. Unlike more sensitive electronics relays are insensitive to EMI.

Using these features one can build a hardwired, fail safe control system which is cyber security safe and insensitive to electro magnetic disturbances and surges! Relays are ideal to use in trains for signal transfer/repeat, safety interlocking functions (brake - doors), load on-off switching and sub-system isolation.

#### Connection diagram



#### Railway compliancy

EN 50155: 2017 EN 50121-3-2: 2016 IEC 60571: 2012 EN 45545-2: 2015 IEC 60077-1: 2017 NF F16-101/102

IEC 60947-5-1: 2016 IEC 60947-5-4: 2002

IEC 61373: 2010





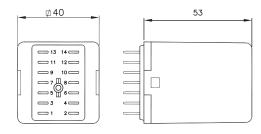


### **Options**

- IP50 dust protection
- 2 gold plated contacts
- 2 AgSnO<sub>2</sub> contacts, weld resistant for capacitive loads
- Polarisation diode
- Double zener diode
- AC/DC coil
- Push-to-test button
- Double make / double break contacts
- No diode
- Keying (coding relay to connect socket)

Remark: Not all combinations possible

### Dimensions (mm)



### Weight

~ 140 g



## Serializing

Each relay is marked with a unique serial number to which all important production information and test results are linked. The GTIN (Global Trade Item Number) and part number is printed on each relay in both text and data matrix code according the worldwide recognized GS1 standard, being able to scan each relay for logistical and traceability purposes.

| Sockets |                        | Mounting       |            |               |     |  |
|---------|------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|-----|--|
|         |                        | Surface / Wall | 35 mm rail | Panel / Flush | PCB |  |
| ے       | Screw                  | V23            | V23        | -             | -   |  |
| ction   | Screw - wide terminals | V22 BR         | V23 BR     | -             | -   |  |
| nne     | Spring clamp           | V29            | V29        | V33           | -   |  |
| ္ပ      | Faston                 | -              | -          | V31           | -   |  |
| inal    | Crimp                  | -              | -          | V26           | -   |  |
| E       | Solder tag             | -              | -          | V3            | -   |  |
| P       | PCB                    | -              | -          | -             | V32 |  |

For more information see the respective datasheets

For more detailed technical specifications, drawings and ordering information, go to the product page on www.morssmitt.com

## Over 10 million Mors Smitt relays in use in rail transport applications worldwide!

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### **Technical specifications**

## Instantaneous relay DGG-U200N

#### Coil characteristics

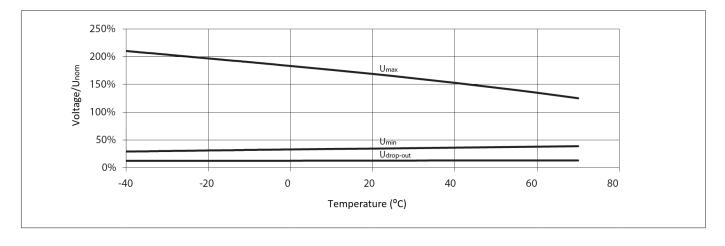
| Inductance L/R at Unom (typical value): |          |                 |
|---|----------|-----------------|
| Energized                               |          | 11 ms           |
| Released                                |          | 8 ms            |
| Nominal power consumption               |          | 2.2 W @ Unom    |
| Operating voltage range                 | EN 50155 | 0.4 - 1.25 Unom |

| Туре      | Unom (VDC) | Umin (VDC) | Umax (VDC) | Udrop-out (VDC) | Rcoil * (Ω) | Icoil-nom (mA) | Pnom (W) |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|----------|
| DGG-U201N | 24         | 9.6        | 30         | 1.9             | 270         | 85.7           | 2.1      |
| DGG-U202N | 48         | 19.2       | 60         | 3.8             | 1046        | 46.0           | 2.1      |
| DGG-U203N | 72         | 28.8       | 90         | 5.8             | 2406        | 28.8           | 2.1      |
| DGG-U204N | 110        | 44.0       | 137.5      | 8.8             | 5330        | 18.9           | 2.1      |
| DGG-U205N | 96         | 38.4       | 120        | 7.7             | 4150        | 23.0           | 2.1      |
| DGG-U206N | 12         | 4.8        | 15         | 1.0             | 72          | 181.0          | 2.2      |
| DGG-U207N | 36         | 14.4       | 45         | 2.9             | 562         | 62.0           | 2.2      |

Other types on request

- Umin is the must-operate voltage at which the relay has picked up in all circumstances (worst-case situation), in practice the relay picks up at a lower voltage Udrop-out is the must-release voltage at which the relay has dropped-out in all circumstances (worst-case situation), in practice the relay drops out at a higher voltage
- Always select the nominal voltage as close as possible to the actual voltage in the application

### Operating range at various temperatures



<sup>\*</sup> The Rcoil is measured at room temperature and has a tolerance of ± 10%

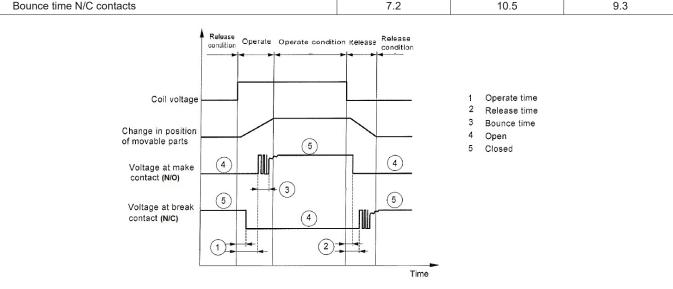


#### Contact characteristics

| Contact configuration                           | 2 C/O   |
|---|---|
| Maximum make current                            | 16 A  |
| Peak inrush current NF I                        | F 62-002 200 A (withstand > 10 x 200 A @ 10 ms, 1 min)                                |
| Continuous current                              | 10 A  |
| Maximum switching voltage                       | 250 VDC, 440 VAC  |
| Minimum switching voltage*                      | 5 V   |
| Minimum switching current*                      | 1 mA  |
| Maximum breaking capacity (> 50.000 operations) | 110 VDC, 10 A (resistive load) 72 VDC, 5 A (L/R ≤ 40 ms) 110 VDC, 0.5 A (L/R ≤ 40 ms) |
| Contact resistance                              | 15 mΩ (initial)   |
| Material  | Ag standard (optional AgSnO <sub>2</sub> , Au on Ag)                                  |
| Contact gap                                     | 0.7 mm  |
| Contact force                                   | > 200 mN  |

<sup>\*</sup> Standard silver contacts tested in lab conditions. We strongly advice to always use gold plated contacts when switching very low currents, as long time reliable operation depends also on switching frequency and environmental conditions. Take recommendations for long time reliability on page 11 into account.

| Operating times (ms) at nominal voltage (typical value): | Standard relay | With double zener diode (option Q) | Without diode<br>(Option Z) |
|--|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Operate time N/O contacts                                | 10.9           | 11.6                               | 12.1                        |
| Operate time N/C contacts                                | 7.3            | 7.6                                | 8.0                         |
| Release time N/O contacts                                | 35.4           | 7.8                                | 5.4                         |
| Release time N/C contacts                                | 39.4           | 11.4                               | 9.4                         |
| Bounce time N/O contacts                                 | 6.1            | 5.9                                | 6.3                         |
| Bounce time N/C contacts                                 | 7.2            | 10.5                               | 9.3                         |





## Contact reliability according IEC 60947-5-4

| Contact switching load   | Contact material  | Failure rate λ <sub>c</sub> * | Mean number of operating cycles to contact failure m <sub>c</sub> * |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 mA , 5 VDC resistive   | Gold (option E)   | 5x10 <sup>-8</sup>            | 20.000.000  |
| 5 mA , 24 VDC resistive  | Gold (option E)   | 4x10 <sup>-8</sup>            | 25.000.000  |
| 10 mA , 50 VDC resistive | Silver (standard) | 2x10 <sup>-8</sup>            | 50.000.000  |

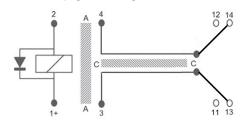
<sup>\*</sup>at confidence level 90%

Note: tested in factory environment at ambient temperature 20 °C. To underline the reliability of low current switching with the new DGG-U200N relay in parallel a 1 mA / 5 V test was done using standard silver contacts. The result was the same reliability. But since real train conditions are far different from Lab conditions we always recommend gold contacts for such low contact ratings.

#### Electrical characteristics

| Dielectric strength | Pole-pole     | 4 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min   |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------------|
|                     | Cont-coil     | 2.5 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min |
|                     | Open contacts | 2.5 kV; 50 Hz; 1 min |

Clearance and creepage according IEC 60664-1 / EN 50124-2



| Section | Clearance | Creepage | Material group | Unom*   |
|---------|-----------|----------|----------------|---------|
| Α       | ≥ 2.2 mm  | ≥ 3.0 mm | I (CTI600)     | ≤ 220 V |
| С       | ≥ 6.1 mm  | ≥ 6.1 mm | I (CTI600)     | ≤ 696 V |

<sup>\*</sup>For basic insulation, PD2 and OV3

| Pulse withstanding    | IEC 60255-5 | 5 kV (1.2/50 μs)               |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Insulation resistance | EN 50155    | > 20 MΩ (test voltage 500 VDC) |

#### **Environmental characteristics**

| Vibration   | IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted   |
|---|--|
| Shock   | IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted   |
| Operating temperature   | -40 °C+85 °C (+70 °C according EN 50155)   |
| Humidity  | 98%  |
| Maximum altitude  | 2000 meter. Higher altitudes are possible but have consequences mentioned in IEC 60664 (for example 5000 meter with bigger clearance distance) |
| Salt mist   | IEC 60068-2-11, class ST4  |
| Dry heat  | IEC 60068-2-2 test Be  |
| Damp heat   | IEC 60068-2-30, Test method Db variant 1   |
| Protection  | IEC 60529, IP40 (relay on socket) (with option K: IP50)  |
| Fire & smoke  | NF F 16-101, NF F 16-102, EN 45545-2: HL3 for requirements R22, R23, R26   |
| Insulation materials  | Cover: polycarbonate<br>Base: nylon  |
| Natural cooling or forced ventilation constraints for the equipment         | None: no extra measures necessary, relays can be mounted tightly together to save space  |
| REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals | European Regulation No 1907/2006   |



## **RAMS** features

| Life class   | L4 (Useful life 20 years, take electrical life cycle curves into account)                  |
|--|--|
| Repairability  | Non-repairable   |
| Maintenance instructions                                       | See inspection/maintenance on page 12  |
| Reliability / lifetime<br>Mechanical lifetime                  | > 30 million operations, maximum switching frequency 1 Hz (1 million operations at -40 °C) |
| Low energy electrical lifetime High energy electrical lifetime | 5 million operations, maximum switching frequency 1 Hz<br>See life cycle curves on page 8  |
| Storage precautions  | Storage temperature: -40 °C+85 °C Store in original packaging                              |

## **Product labeling**

| Part number identification    | Part number mentioned on top side relay  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Serial number identification  | Serial number mentioned on top side relay Serial number = Lot number + year + week + reference number  |
| Data matrix code              | According GS1 standard, placed on top side relay  O1 Global Trade Item Number 240 Part number 21 Serial number  Example:  O11234567890123240123456789211234562209001 |
| Revision index identification | Linked to serial number  |
| Terminals                     | Identification on bottom plate relay Relay to be used with Mors Smitt relay sockets which have clear terminal identification on each socket                          |

## Railway compliancy

| Railway applications - Rolling stock - Electronic equipment   |
|---|
| Railway applications - Electronic equipment used on rolling stock   |
| Railway applications - Electric equipment for rolling stock   |
| Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear  |
| Railway applications - Rolling stock equipment - Shock and vibration tests  |
| Railway applications - Electromagnetic compatibility  |
| Railway rolling stock - Fire behavior   |
| Railway applications - Fire protection on railway vehicles Part 2: Requirements for fire behavior of materials and components |
|   |



## **Options**

| Code           | Description  | Remark  | Cannot be combined with |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| Standard opti  | ons:   |   |                         |
| E*             | Au; Gold plated contacts (10 μm)                     |   | М                       |
| K              | Extra dust protection                                | IP50 Cat 2 for the relays mounted in a Mors Smitt socket. Application PD1/PD2 and contact load > 0.5 A.         | Т                       |
| Q              | Double zener diode over coil                         | Unom ≤ 120V. Maximum allowed peak voltage 180 V, higher voltage will damage the diode. Replaces back EMF diode. | X2, Z                   |
| Y              | Double make/double break contact, contact gap 1.4 mm | 1 C/O DM/DB  11 13 0 0 12 14  |                         |
| Z              | No diode   | Polarity independent  | P, Q, X2                |
| Keying         | Coil coding relay and socket                         |   |                         |
| Special option | is:  |   |                         |
| М              | AgSnO <sub>2</sub> ; "non-weldable" contacts         | Icontact > 100 mA   | Е                       |
| Р              | Polarisation diode                                   |   | X2 ,Z                   |
| Т              | Push to test button                                  |   | K                       |
| X2             | AC/DC rectifier bridge                               | Replaces back EMF diode.<br><50 V: voltage range 50 %-125 % Unom<br>>50 V: voltage range 40 %-125 % Unom        | P, Q, Z                 |

| * Gold plated contacts characteristics |   |
|--|---|
| Material                               | Ag, 10 µm gold plated   |
| Maximum switching voltage              | 60 V (higher voltages may be possible, contact Mors Smitt for more information)   |
| Maximum switching current              | 400 mA (at higher rate gold will evaporate, then the standard silver contact rating of minimum 10 mA and 12 V is valid) |
| Minimum switching voltage              | 5 V   |
| Minimum switching current              | 1 mA  |

Remark: For application support or technical product support, contact your local Mors Smitt sales office (see contact details on last page).



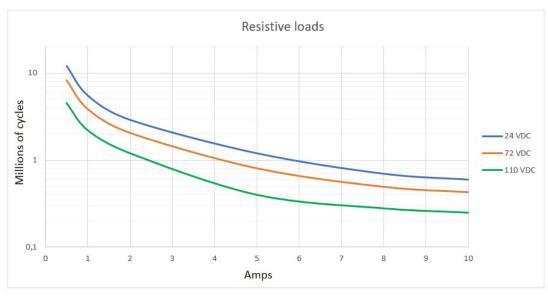


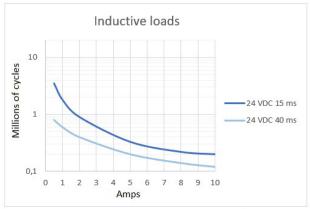


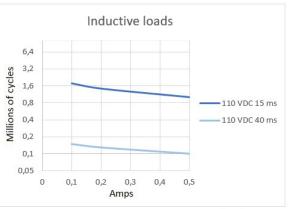




### Electrical life expectancy







By connecting 2 contacts in series the DC current breaking capacity is increased by 50 %. Electrical lifetime is tested under laboratory conditions with switching frequency 0.33 Hz.

Note: The actual electrical lifetime in the application is affected by the switching frequency, type of contact (N/O or N/C), environmental conditions, etc.

For highly inductive loads Mors Smitt A400/B400 relays with standard double make double break contacts are the optimal solution.



### Mounting possibilities/sockets



#### Surface/wall mounting

| 338000302 | V22BR | Screw socket, wall mount, front connection (9 mm terminals)                   |  |  |
|-----------|-------|---|--|--|
| 0000000   |       |   |  |  |
| 338000580 | V23   | Screw socket, wall mount, front connection (7.5 mm terminals)                 |  |  |
| 330000300 | V 20  | Ociew 300ket, wan mount, none connection (7.5 min terminals)                  |  |  |
| 338000610 | V29   | Spring clamp socket, wall mount, front dual connection (2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) |  |  |
| 330000010 | V 29  | Spring Gamp socket, wan mount, none dual connection (2.5 min )                |  |  |

#### Rail mounting

| 338000580 | V23   | Screw socket, rail mount, front connection (7.5 mm terminals)    |
|-----------|-------|--|
| 338000402 | V23BR | Screw socket, rail mount, front connection (9 mm terminals)      |
| 338000610 | V29   | Spring clamp socket, rail mount, front dual connection (2.5 mm²) |

#### Panel/flush mounting

| 338100100 | V3  | Solder tag socket, panel mount, rear connection                        |
|-----------|-----|--|
| 328400100 | V26 | Crimp contact socket, panel mount, rear connection, A260 crimp contact |
| 338000560 | V31 | Faston connection socket, rear dual connection (4.8 x 0.8 mm)          |
| 338000670 | V33 | Push-in terminal socket, panel mount, rear dual connection (3.3 mm²)   |

#### PCB mounting

| 1 Ob moditing |           |     |                      |
|---------------|-----------|-----|----------------------|
|               | 338000561 | V32 | PCB soldering socket |

No external retaining clip needed as the 'snap-lock' will hold the relay into the socket under all circumstances and mounting directions (according shock & vibration requirements IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted). If regulations require external retaining clips, these are available as well.

For more details see datasheets of the sockets on www.morssmitt.com



### Mechanical keying relay and socket (optional)





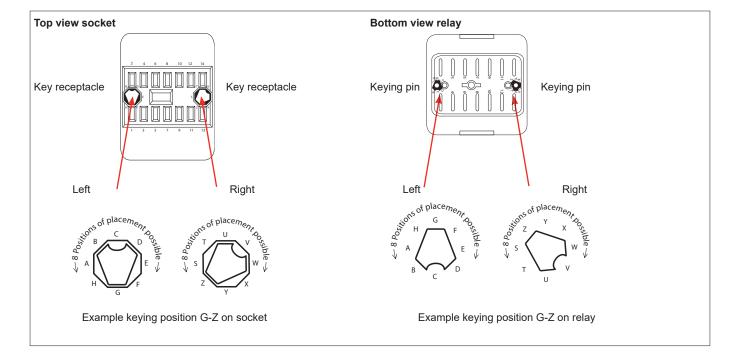
#### Function:

- To prevent wrong installation
- To prevent damage to equipment
- To prevent unsafe situations

Using keyed relays and sockets prevents a relay is inserted in a wrong socket. For example it prevents that a 24 VDC relay is put in a 110 VDC circuit. Positive discrimination is possible per different function, coil voltage, timing, monitoring, safety and non-safety.

The D relay socket keying option gives 8 x 8 = 64 possibilities. Upon ordering the customer simply indicates the need for the optional keying. Mors Smitt will assign a code to the relay and fix the pins into the relay. The sockets are supplied with loose key receptacles. Inserting the keys into the socket is very simple and self explaining.

Remark: Sockets and relay shown are examples.





### Important for relay selection and operation

Make sure the relay is suitable for the application. For critical applications (for example: green loop applications) relays should be checked on correct working during periodic inspection.

#### Recommendations for long time contact reliability

For relays to enable failure free performance over a very long operational time, it is important to create the right circumstances. In any relay, contact usage and atmospheric conditions influence the contact surface. To counter this effect it is common practice to use a safety factor of > 2 to ensure long time contact reliability.

Therefore for long time contact reliability we recommend:

- Silver contacts: a minimum contact current of 20 mA per contact
- · Gold contacts: a minimum contact current of 10 mA per contact
- Double Make Double Break contacts: a minimum contact current of 40 mA per contact
- When low currents are switched and not frequently, e.g. 10 mA once a day, it is advised (next to gold plated contacts) to put similar contacts within the same relay in parallel
- With higher load switching, e.g. 110 VDC and > 1 A, put relay contacts in series
- Rule of thumb: any relay works best with switching currents > 20 mA in DC environment when frequently switched. When not switched frequently a higher switching current like 50 mA is better for a long reliable operational time
- · Check relays regularly, for example with the Mors Smitt Portable Relay Tester and visually through the transparent cover

#### Instructions for use

#### Installation

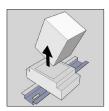
Before installation or working on the relay: disconnect the power supply first (no hot swapping)! Install socket and connect wiring according to the terminal identification. Plug relay into the socket ensuring there is no gap between the bottom of relay and the socket. Reverse installation into the socket is not possible due to the mechanical blocking snap-lock feature. Check to ensure that the coil connection polarity is not reversed. Relays can be mounted tightly together to save space. When rail mounting is used, always mount the socket in the direction of the UP arrow, to have proper fixation of the socket on the rail.

#### Warning!

- Never use silicon in the proximity of the relays
- · Do not use the relay in the presense of flammable gas as the arc generated from switching could cause ignition
- · To remove relays from the socket, employ up and down lever movements. Sideway movement may cause damage to the coil wires







Relays should never be swapped to other circuit positions when taken out of its socket for inspection or fault finding, always place it back
into the original position to prevent contact resistance problems. Contact resistance problems can be created when swapping relays
between different circuit loads due the contact wear/condition having changed during its operational life.

#### Operation

After installation always apply the rated voltage to the coil to check correct operation. Long term storage may corrode the silver on the relay pins. When plugging the relay into the socket, the female bifurcated or trifurcated receivers will automatically cut through the corrosion on the pins and guarantee a reliable connection.

Before actual use of relays, it is advised to switch the load several times with the contacts. The contacts will both be electrically and mechanically cleaned due to the positive wiping action. Sometimes a contact can build up increased contact resistance ( $\leq$  15 m $\Omega$  when new). When using silver contacts one can clean the contact by switching a contact load a few times using >24 VDC & ~ 2A. Increased contact resistance is not always problematic, as it depends on circuit conditions. In general a contact resistance of 1  $\Omega$  is no problem, consult Mors Smitt for more information.

Condensation in the relay is possible when the coil is energised (warm) and the outside, environmental temperature is cold. This is a normal phenomenon and will not affect the function of the relay. Materials in the relay have no hygroscopic properties.



#### Inspection / maintenance

Correct operation of the relay can easily be checked as the transparent cover provides good visibility of the moving contacts. If the relay does not seem to operate correctly, check for presence of the appropriate coil voltage and polarity using a suitable multimeter. If a LED is fitted, it indicates voltage presence to the coil. If coil voltage is present, but the relay does not operate, a short circuit of the suppression diode is possible (likely caused by reversed coil connection).

Relays can easily be tested with the Mors Smitt Relay Tester. More information on: www.morssmitt.com.

If the relay doesn't work after inspection, replace the relay unit with a similar model. Do not attempt to open the relay cover or try to repair. Contacts are calibrated and in balance, touching can affect proper operation. Also resoldering may affect correct operation. Since 2009 relays have tamper proof seals fitted and once broken, warranty is void.

Most relay defects are caused by installation faults such as overvoltage, spikes/transients, high/short current far exceeding the relay specifications. When returning the relays for investigation, please provide all information on the RMA form. Send defective relays back to the manufacturer for repair or replacement. Normal wear and tear or external causes are excluded from warranty.

RMA procedure see www.morssmitt.com



## Ordering scheme

| DGG-U2 N -                                   | Code |  |          |
|--|------|--|----------|
| Coil voltages 01                             |      | 24 VDC                                       |          |
| 02   |      | 48 VDC                                       |          |
| 03   |      | 72 VDC                                       |          |
| 04   |      | 110 VDC                                      |          |
| 05   |      | 96 VDC                                       |          |
| 06   |      | 12 VDC                                       |          |
| 07   |      | 36 VDC                                       |          |
| Options                                      | Е    | Gold plated contacts                         | M        |
| (add as many options as needed,              | K    | Extra dust protection, IP50                  | Т        |
| always in alphabetical order)                | Q    | Double zener diode                           | X2, Z    |
|  | Y    | Double make/ double break                    |          |
|  | Z    | No diode                                     | P, Q, X2 |
| Special options                              |      |  |          |
| (minimum order quantity: 20)                 | М    | AgSnO2 contacts, highly resistant to welding | E        |
|  | Р    | Polarisation diode                           | X2, Z    |
|  | Т    | Push-to-test-button                          | K        |
|  | X2   | AC/DC coil                                   | P, Q, Z  |
| Keying code (optional, leave blank if not re |      | Standard, silver contacts                    |          |
|  |      | AS 24 VDC                                    |          |
| Remark: keying codes are available for all   |      | AY 36 VDC                                    |          |
| possible coil voltages.                      |      | 48 VDC                                       |          |
|  | _    | 72 VDC                                       |          |
|  |      | AV 110 VDC                                   |          |
|  | _    | Option E, gold contacts                      |          |
|  |      | 24 VDC                                       |          |
|  |      | FV 36 VDC                                    |          |
|  |      | 48 VDC                                       |          |
|  |      | 72 VDC                                       |          |
|  |      | 110 VDC                                      |          |
|  |      | Option M, silver tin oxide contacts          |          |
|  | _    | GT 24 VDC                                    |          |
|  | _    | HT 36 VDC                                    |          |
|  | _    | GU 48 VDC                                    |          |
|  | _    | 72 VDC                                       |          |
|  |      | GW 110 VDC                                   |          |

Options always in alphabetic order.

Examples:

DGG-U204N-Q code AV

 ${\sf Description: DGG-U200N\ relay,\ Unom\ 110\ VDC,\ double\ zener\ diode,\ keying\ code\ AV}$ 

DGG-U201N-EKZ

Description: DGG-U200N relay, Unom 24 VDC, gold plated contacts, extra dust protection, no diode

DGG-U205N-X2Y

Description: DGG-U200N relay, Unom 96 VAC/VDC, AC/DC coil, double make/double break contacts



## ♠ Over 10 million Mors Smitt relays in use in rail transport applications worldwide!

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