



# MSA1000 - Hall effect transducer

## **Datasheet**



## Description

The transducers are based on compensating the magnetic field by a closed loop system. The MSA1000 is used for the measurement of AC and DC currents with high galvanic isolation between the current carrying conductor and output of the sensor. The current transducer can handle pulsed currents. The MSA1000 transducers are especially designed for secure measuring of a permanent current up to 1000 A. The current measuring range covers a bandwidth from -2000 A to 2000 A.

## **Application**

The Mors Smitt transducers are used to measure high currents in rolling stock and track side applications. High currents are converted linear to low power signals.

## Features

- Specially designed for railway applications
- Closed loop (compensated)
- High dielectric strength
- · Precise linearity
- · Precise accuracy
- High dynamic response
- No foucault losses in the magnetic circuit
- EMC shielding (optional)
- Wide temperature range, -50°C..+85°C

## Benefits

- Proven reliable
- Long term availability
- Low life cycle cost
- No maintenance

## Railway compliancy

- EN 50155 Railway application electronic equipment used in rolling stock
- IEC 61373 Rolling stock equipment -Shock and vibration test
- NF F16-101/102 Fire behaviour Railway rolling stock
- IEC 60068-2-11 Environmental testing: Salt mist - Test ka - 96 hours







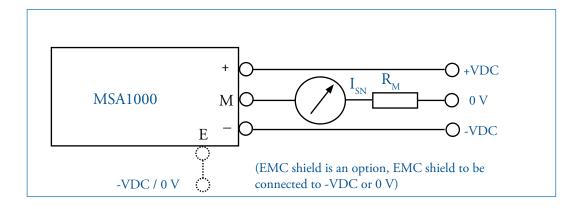
# MSA1000 Technical specifications







# **Connection diagram**









# **Technical specifications**

## **Electrical characteristics**

Primary nominal r.m.s. current	$I_{PN}$	1000 A
Primary current measuring range	$I_{_{ m P}}$	± 2000 A
Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	$I_{SN}$	200 mA @ K <sub>N</sub> = 5000 / 250 mA @ K <sub>N</sub> = 1:4000*
Conversion ratio	$K_{N}$	1:4000 / 1:5000 *
Secondary coil resistance @ 70 °C	$R_s$	$27 \Omega @ K_N = 1:4000 / 35 \Omega @ K_N = 1:5000 *$
Auxiliary supply voltage	$V_{N}$	± 15 VDC 24 VDC
Current consumption	$I_{c}$	33 mA + I <sub>s</sub> @ 24 VDC
Dielectric strength	$V_{_{\mathrm{D}}}$	6 kV / 10 kV / 12 kV(50 Hz - 1 min) *
Output measuring resistance	$R_{M}$	$R_{M} = ((V_{NC} - dV) / I_{SN}) - R_{S}$ (see explanation below)

<sup>\*</sup> See ordering scheme

Legend:	Example:	
dV = Fixed value	dV = 1.6 V	
$V_N$ = Nominal auxiliary supply	$V_N = 15 V$	
$V_{NC}$ = Lower value of the auxiliary supply	$V_{NC} = 14.25 V$	
$(V_N - 5\% \text{ typical})$	$I_{PN} = 1000 A$	
R <sub>S</sub> = Secondary coil resistance at 70 °C	$K_N = 5000 \text{ turns}$	
I <sub>SN</sub> = Secondary current	$R_s = 35 \Omega$	
	$I_{SN} = I_{PN} / K_{N}$	
	$I_{SN} = 1000 / 5000 = 0.2 A$	
	$R_{M} = ((14.25 - 1.6) / 0.2) - 35) =$	28.25 Ω

## Accuracy / dynamic performance

Overall accuracy @ I <sub>PN</sub> - T <sub>A</sub> =25 °C	$X_{G}$	± 0.5% *
Linearity	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{_{\mathrm{L}}}$	< 0.1%
Offset current @ $I_p=0$ - $T_A=25$ °C	$I_{o}$	$\pm$ 0.5 mA max.
Resp. time @ 90% of $I_{PN}$ and di/dt 100 A/ $\mu$ s	$T_R$	< 1 μs
Di / dt accuracy followed	di/dt	> 50 A / μs
Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)	f	DC to 100 kHz

<sup>\*</sup> See ordering scheme

## General characteristics

Operating temperature	$T_{A}$	-40 °C+85 °C or -50 °C+85 °C *
Storing temperature	$T_s$	-40 °C+85 °C or -50 °C+85 °C *
		Storing temperature will follow operating temperature
Weight	m	700 g ± 10 % (without busbar, holding frame or
		mounting frame))
		1208 g ± 10 % (with primary busbar 185 x 40 x 8 mm)
Connection		M4 with Faston 6.35 mm terminals -
		M5 terminals typical - Faston 6.35 mm - Flying leads -
		Trim trio SMS 6 PDH1 *

<sup>\*</sup> See ordering scheme

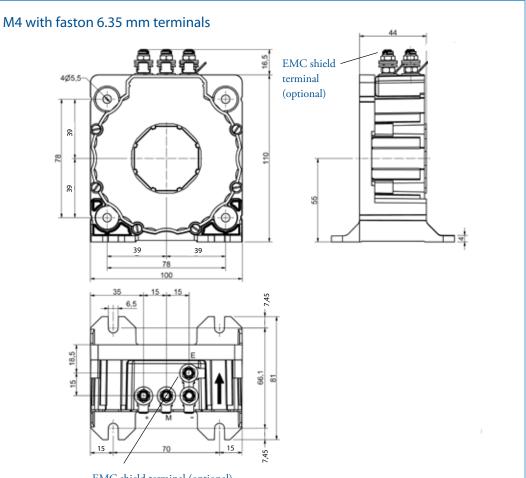






# **Technical specifications**

## Dimensions (mm)



EMC shield terminal (optional)

## Notes:

- 1. Connection: 3 x M4 terminals, maximum torque value 2.2 Nm A 4th M4 with Faston 6.35 mm terminal is placed when the EMC shield option is selected (maximum torque value 2.2 Nm)
- 2. Fastening: 4 slots Ø 6.5 mm in the mounting frame base for regular mounting and 4 slots Ø 5.5 mm for vertical mounting frame section for panel mounting
- 3. To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- 4. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed  $\,100~^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 5. General tolerances are  $\pm$  0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions  $\pm$  1 mm, length  $\pm 1$  mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
- 6. Drawing is according the European projection method



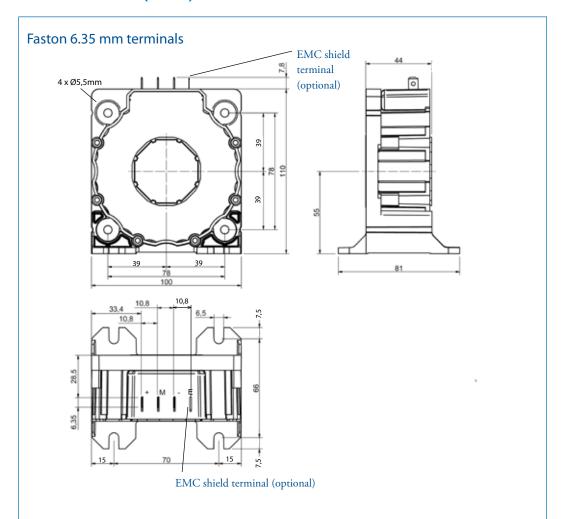






# **Technical specifications**

## Dimensions (mm)



- Connection: 3 x Faston 6.35 mm terminals, maximum torque value 2.2 Nm. A 4th Faston 6.35 mm terminal is placed when EMC shield option is selected
- Fastening: 4 slots Ø 6.5 mm in the mounting frame base for regular mounting and 4 slots Ø 5.5 mm in the vertical mounting frame section for panel mounting
- To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C
- General tolerances are  $\pm$  0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions  $\pm$  1 mm, length  $\pm$  1 mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
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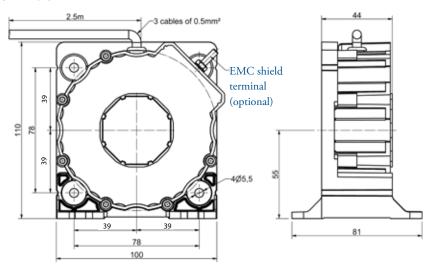


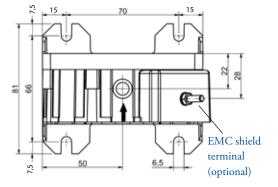


# **Technical specifications**

## Dimensions (mm)

## Flying lead terminals





## Notes:

- 1. Cable Ø 6 mm,
  - Red = +24 V

Green = 0 V

Black = -24 V

- 2. An aditional M4 terminal is placed when the EMC shield option is selected (maximum torque value  $2.2\ Nm$ )
- 3. Fastening: 4 slots  $\emptyset$  6.5 mm in the mounting frame base for regular mounting and 4 slots  $\emptyset$  5.5 mm for vertical mounting frame section for panel mounting
- 4. To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- 5. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed  $\,100~^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 6. General tolerances are  $\pm$  0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions  $\pm$  1 mm, length  $\pm$  1 mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
- 7. Drawing is according the European projection method



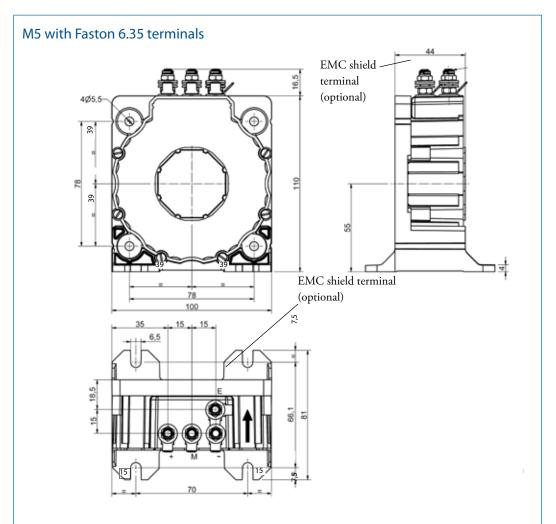






# **Technical specifications**

## Dimensions (mm)



- 1. Connection: 3 x M5 with Faston 6.35 mm terminals, maximum torque value 2.2 Nm A 4th M5 with Faston 6.35 mm terminal is placed when the EMC shield option is selected (maximum torque value 2.2 Nm)
- 2. Fastening: 4 slots  $\emptyset$  6.5 mm in the mounting frame base for regular mounting and 4 slots  $\emptyset$  5.5 mm for vertical mounting frame section for panel mounting
- 3. To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- 4. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C
- 5. General tolerances are  $\pm$  0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions  $\pm$  1 mm, length  $\pm 1$  mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
- 6. Drawing is according the European projection method

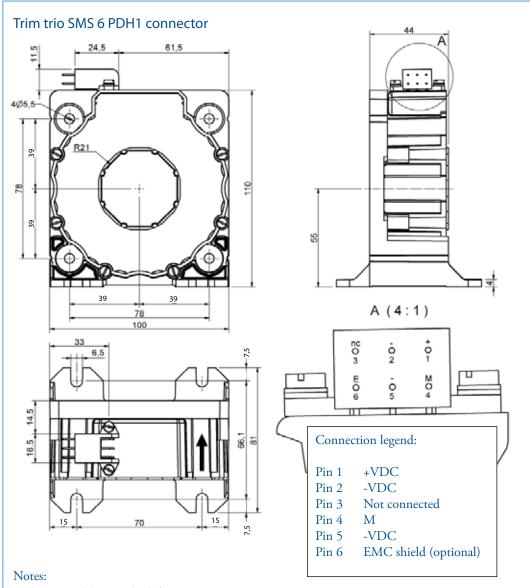






# **Technical specifications**

## Dimensions (mm)



- 1. Connection Trim trio SMS 6 PDH1
- 2. Fastening: 4 slots Ø 6.5 mm in the mounting frame base for regular mounting and 4 slots Ø 5.5 mm for vertical mounting frame section for panel mounting
- 3. To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- 4. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C
- 5. General tolerances are  $\pm$  0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions  $\pm$  1 mm, length  $\pm$  1 mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
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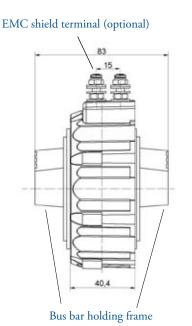


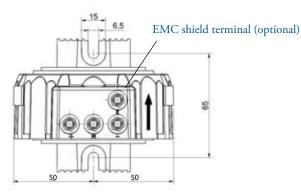


# Technical specifications

## Dimensions (mm)

# Bus bar frame





## Notes:

- 1. Connection: 3 x M5 terminals, maximum torque value 2.2 Nm A 4th M5 terminal is placed when the EMC shield option is selected (maximum torque value 2.2 Nm)
- 2. To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- 3. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100  $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 4. General tolerances are ± 0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions ± 1 mm length ± 1 mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
- 5. Drawing is according the European projection method
- 6. Installation with a primary busbar: the sensor must be mechanically fixed only by the bar but not both bar and housing at the same time (this type of fixing would lead to mechanical stress that could lead to breaking of the sensor)





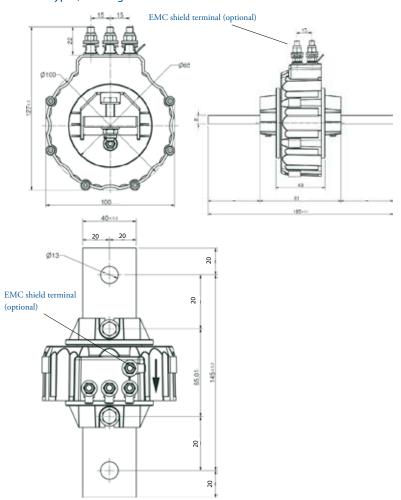


# **Technical specifications**

## Dimensions (mm)

## Primary bus bar

(applicable for all types, drawing shows the combination M5 with Faston 6.35 mm terminals)



## Notes:

- Connection: 3 x M5 terminals, maximum torque value 2.2 Nm
   A 4th M4 with Faston 6.35 mm terminal is placed when the EMC shield option is selected (maximum torque value 2.2 Nm)
- 2. Fastening: 2 slots Ø 13 mm
- 3. To obtain a positive output on the terminal marked "M", primary current must flow in the direction of the arrow (conventional flow)
- 4. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100  $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 5. General tolerances are ± 0.5 mm, with exception of the input/output positions ± 1 mm length ± 1 mm and on positions where the value is mentioned in the drawing
- 6. Drawing is according the European projection method
- 7. Installation with a primary busbar: the sensor must be mechanically fixed only by the bar but not both bar and housing at the same time (this type of fixing would lead to mechanical stress that could lead to breaking of the sensor)







# **MSA1000** Ordering scheme

## Configuration:

S **MSA1000** 5. 6. 8.

This example represents a MSA1000-S-4-D-3-2-4-Y.

Description: MSA1000 transducer, with hole for the primary, conversion ratio 1:4000, M5 terminals, dielectric strength 10 kV, 0.5% accuracy, -50 °C...+85 °C temperature range, with EMC shield.

## 1. Transducer model

## **MSA1000**

## 2. Mounting

With hole for the primary T With primary busbar F With bus bar holding frame

## 3. Conversion ratio

## 4. Secondary connection

A	M4 terminals with Faston 6.35 mm
В	6.35 mm Faston
C	Flying lead terminals
D	M5 terminals
E	M5 terminals with Faston 6.35 mm
I	Trim trio SMS 6 PDH1
D E	M5 terminals M5 terminals with Faston 6.35 mm

## 5. Dielectric strength

2	6 kV	
3	10 kV	
4	12 kV	

## 6. Accuracy

2	0.5 %	

## 7. Temperature range

## 8. EMC shield

N	Without EMC shield	
Y	With EMC shield	















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